

USO DE MATRICES DE INSUMO/PRODUCTO PARA ESTIMAR EL IMPACTO ECONÓMICO DE LAS TELECOMUNICACIONES

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CONTENIDOS

- Matrices de Insumo/Producto: una herramienta para estimar el impacto económico de las telecomunicaciones
- Metodología para el desarrollo de matrices de Insumo/Producto
- Ejemplos de análisis: Colombia y México

LOS ESTUDIOS DE IMPACTO ECONÓMICO DE LAS TELECOMUNICACIONES TIENDEN A UTILIZAR TÉCNICAS ECONOMÉTRICAS CONVENCIONALES

| Técnicas Econométricas | Ejemplos |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Funciones de producción Cobb-Douglas | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Kathuria, R., Uppal, M., and Mamta, M. (2009). <i>An Econometric Analysis of the Impact of Mobile</i>Katz, R. and Callorda, F. (2013). <i>Economic Impact of Broadband Deployment in Ecuador</i>Katz, R.L., Avila, J. and Meille, G. (2010). <i>Economic impact of wireless broadband in rural America.</i> |
| Modelos económicos simples | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Katz, R. (2010). "The contribution of broadband to economic development",Katz, R. (2011). "The impact of broadband on the economy: research to date and policy issues",Qiang, C. Z., and Rossotto, C. M. (2009). <i>Economic Impacts of Broadband</i>. In <i>Information and Communications for Development</i>Thompson, H., and Garbacz, C. (2008). <i>Broadband Impacts on State GDP: Direct and Indirect Impacts.</i> |
| Modelos estructurados | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Roeller, L-E, and Waverman, L. (2001). <i>Telecommunications Infrastructure and Economic Development: A Simultaneous Approach</i>Koutroumpis, P. (2009). <i>The Economic Impact of Broadband on Growth: A Simultaneous Approach.</i>Katz, R. and Koutroumpis, P. (2012a). <i>The economic impact of broadband on the Philippines.</i>Katz, R and Koutroumpis, P. (2012b). "The economic impact of telecommunications in Senegal" |

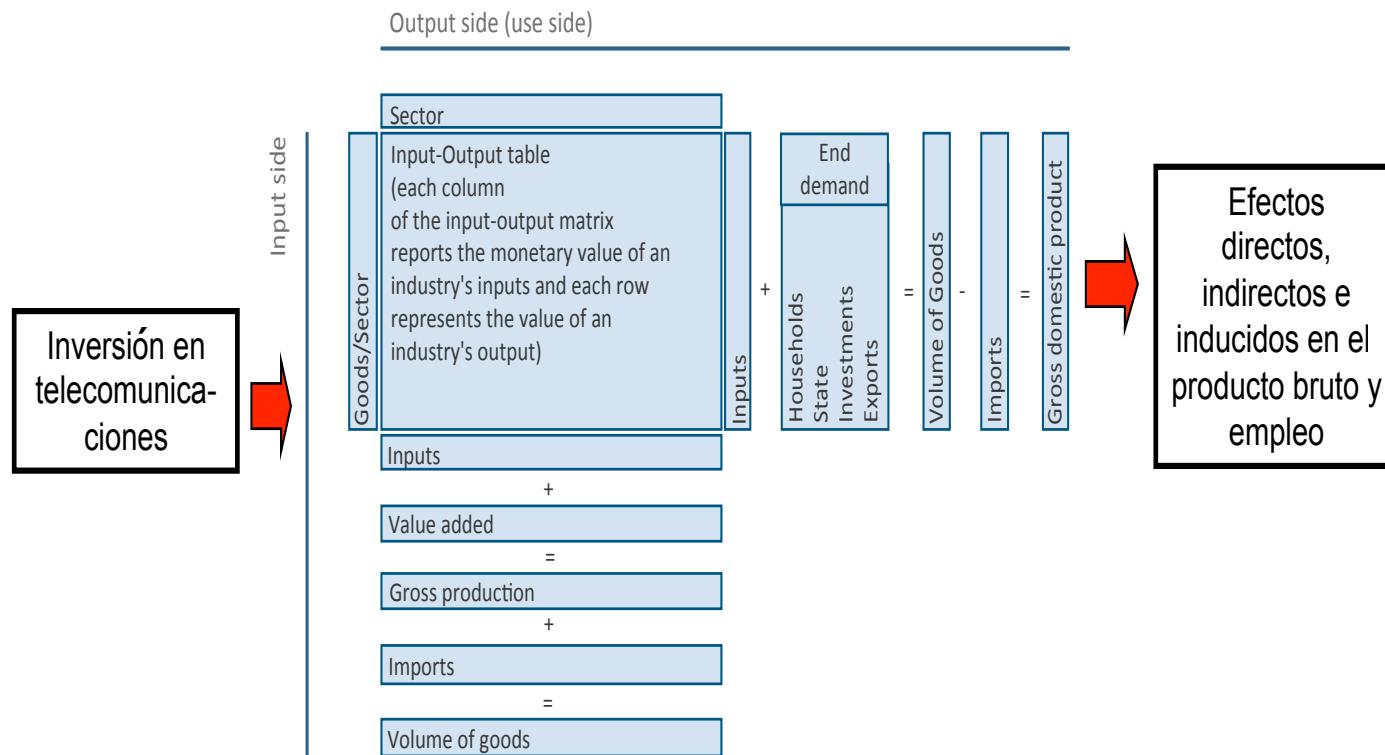
SI BIEN ESTAS TÉCNICAS PERMITEN ESTIMAR EL IMPACTO AGREGADO EN EL CRECIMIENTO ECONÓMICO, LAS MISMAS NO PUEDEN CUANTIFICAR EL IMPACTO POR SECTOR INDUSTRIAL.

LIMITACIONES DE TÉCNICAS ECONOMÉTRICAS CONVENCIONALES

- Diferenciar entre impacto directo de las telecomunicaciones e indirecto de las industrias que proveen insumos a las telecomunicaciones
- Estimar el impacto inducido por el consumo originado por la mano de obra empleada en la industria de telecomunicaciones y sus proveedores
- Diferenciar estos efectos por sector industrial (por ejemplo, comercio, construcción, etc.)
- Estimar los efectos de creación de empleo por sector industrial

LAS MATRICES DE INSUMO/PRODUCTO TIENEN LA CAPACIDAD DE CUANTIFICAR LA INTERRELACIÓN ENTRE SECTORES INDUSTRIALES Y RESOLVER ALGUNOS DE ESTOS PROBLEMAS

ESTRUCTURA DE UNA MATRIZ DE INSUMO/PRODUCTO



LAS MATRICES DE INSUMO PRODUCTO PERMITEN ESTIMAR TANTO EL IMPACTO EN EL PRODUCTO INTERNO COMO EN LA CREACIÓN DE EMPLEO

Direct jobs and output

- Employment and economic production generated in the short term in the course of deployment of network facilities

- Telecommunications technicians
- Construction workers
- Civil and RF engineers

Indirect jobs and output

- Employment and production generated by indirect spending (or businesses buying and selling to each other in support of direct spending)

- Metal products workers
- Electrical equipment workers
- Professional Services

Induced jobs and output

- Employment and production generated by household spending based on the income earned from the direct and indirect effects

- Consumer durables
- Retail trade
- Consumer services

LAS MATRICES DE INSUMO PRODUCTO YA HAN SIDO UTILIZADAS PARA ESTIMAR EL IMPACTO DE LAS TELECOMUNICACIONES EN PAÍSES DESARROLLADOS

ESTUDIOS QUE UTILIZAN MATRICES DE INSUMO PRODUCTO

| Pais | Estudio | Objectivo |
|----------------|--|---|
| Estados Unidos | Crandall et al. (2003) | Estimar el impacto en la creación de empleo como resultado del despliegue de banda ancha de una penetración del 60% a 95%, requiriendo una inversión de US \$ 63.6 billones |
| | Atkinson et al. (2009) | Estimar el impacto de una inversión de US \$10 billones en el despliegue de banda ancha |
| | Katz y Suter (2009) | Estimar el impacto de una inversión de US \$6.5 billones en el despliegue de banda ancha como resultado de la reactivación contra-cíclica |
| Suiza | Katz, Vaterlaus, Zenhäusern & Suter (2008) | Estimar el impacto del despliegue de una red nacional de fibra óptica requiriendo una inversión de CHF 13 billones |
| Alemania | Katz, Vaterlaus, Zenhäusern & Suter (2008) | Estimar el impacto de una inversión de Euros 23 billones para alcanzar los objetivos del Plan Nacional de Banda Ancha |
| Gran Bretaña | Liebenau et al. (2009) | Estimar el impacto de una inversión de US \$7.5 billones para alcanzar el objetivo de "Digital Britain" |
| Sudáfrica | Katz (2013) | Estimar el impacto del Plan South Africa Connect que contempla una inversión de ZAR 63 billones |

SIN EMBARGO, UNA DE LAS PRINCIPALES LIMITACIONES DE ESTA TÉCNICA ERA LA DISPONIBILIDAD DE MATRICES

- Generalmente desarrolladas por agencias estadísticas gubernamentales, lo que resulta en un retraso en su confección y la falta de matrices para muchos países en vías de desarrollo (por ejemplo, en África, Sudáfrica tiene una matriz para el 2012 y Nigeria para el 2006)
- Las matrices son estáticas lo que dificulta su utilización para evaluar los efectos de derrame (spillovers)
- Considerando que cada país utiliza una metodología diferente para el desarrollo de sus matrices, las mismas no son comparables entre países porque varían en su estructura (por ejemplo, en el número de sectores industriales analizados)

**EL ABORDAJE PROPUESTO EN ESTE TRABAJO
PRETENDE RESOLVER ESTAS LIMITACIONES**

CONTENIDOS

- Matrices de Insumo/Producto: una herramienta para estimar el impacto económico de las telecomunicaciones
- Metodología para el desarrollo de matrices de Insumo/Producto
- Ejemplos de análisis: Colombia y México

LA SIGUIENTE METODOLOGÍA CREA MATRICES DE INSUMO/PRODUCTO ESTANDARIZADAS PERMITIENDO CIERTO NIVEL DE COMPARABILIDAD ENTRE PAÍSES

- Basada en la base de datos de *Global Trade Analysis Project (GTAP)* de la Universidad de Purdue (Illinois), y complementada con estadísticas de la fuerza de trabajo producidas por fuentes estadísticas nacionales
- Una metodología similar ha sido utilizada por investigadores del Banco Mundial para estimar efectos económicos de la inversión en infraestructura (Ver “*Estimating the Employment Effects of Powerlinks Transmission Limited (project in India and Bhutan)*,” IFC, 201; “*Power Sector Economic Multiplier Tool: Estimating the Broad Impacts of Power Sector Projects – Methodology*,” IFC, 2015; “*The employment dimension of infrastructure investments: A guide for employment impact assessment*,” ILO)
- Con base en esta metodología, los autores pueden generar matrices comparables (tanto en sectores industriales y en su estructura) para países al año 2011.
- El análisis incluye 57 sectores industriales y permite analizar la interrelación de comercio, en esos sectores industriales entre los diferentes países

EL PRIMER PASO ES CONSTRUIR UNA MATRIZ DE INSUMO PRODUCTO QUE RETOMA LOS DATOS DE GTAP...

EJEMPLO DE RELACIONES INTERSECTORIALES (MÉXICO)

| Mnemonic | NACE | 1 pdr | 2 wht | 3 gro | 4 v_f | 5 osd | 6 c_b | 7 pfb | 8 ocr |
|----------|--------------------------------|------------|--------|-------------------|-------------------------|-----------|------------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| | | Paddy rice | Wheat | Cereal grains nec | Vegetables, fruit, nuts | Oil seeds | Sugar cane, sugar beet | Plant-based fibers | Crops nec |
| 1 pdr | Paddy rice | 0.259 | 0.026 | 0.316 | 1.124 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.084 | 0.922 |
| 2 wht | Wheat | 0.002 | 19.668 | 0.280 | 0.213 | 0.000 | 0.002 | 0.013 | 0.031 |
| 3 gro | Cereal grains nec | 0.005 | 0.049 | 213.539 | 0.485 | 0.001 | 0.010 | 0.020 | 0.063 |
| 4 v_f | Vegetables, fruit, nuts | 0.100 | 0.145 | 1.855 | 130.378 | 0.010 | 0.024 | 0.142 | 0.653 |
| 5 osd | Oil seeds | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.011 | 0.047 | 0.180 | 0.001 | 0.003 | 0.005 |
| 6 c_b | Sugar cane, sugar beet | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.009 | 0.101 | 0.000 | 45.743 | 0.004 | 0.009 |
| 7 pfb | Plant-based fibers | 0.002 | 0.005 | 0.036 | 0.149 | 0.000 | 0.007 | 0.138 | 0.024 |
| 8 ocr | Crops nec | 0.259 | 0.445 | 6.423 | 21.881 | 0.044 | 4.988 | 1.723 | 188.464 |
| 9 ctl | Cattle,sheep,goats,horses | 0.035 | 0.022 | 1.036 | 5.475 | 0.048 | 0.024 | 0.016 | 0.495 |
| 10 oap | Animal products nec | 0.002 | 0.090 | 0.315 | 0.229 | 0.004 | 0.121 | 0.095 | 0.051 |
| 11 rmk | Raw milk | 0.007 | 0.021 | 0.201 | 0.467 | 0.002 | 0.415 | 0.303 | 0.050 |
| 12 wol | Wool, silk-worm cocoons | 0.000 | 0.002 | 0.017 | 0.042 | 0.004 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.002 |
| 13 frs | Forestry | 0.007 | 0.022 | 0.252 | 1.266 | 0.001 | 0.040 | 0.228 | 0.173 |
| 14 fsh | Fishing | 0.011 | 0.015 | 0.197 | 0.895 | 0.001 | 0.004 | 0.017 | 0.063 |
| 15 coa | Coal | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 16 oil | Oil | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 17 gas | Gas | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 18 omn | Minerals nec | 0.005 | 0.098 | 0.666 | 0.928 | 0.007 | 0.194 | 0.354 | 0.303 |
| 19 cmt | Meat: cattle,sheep,goats,horse | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.024 | 0.004 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.001 | 0.009 |
| 20 omt | Meat products nec | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.004 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.011 | 0.011 |
| 21 vol | Vegetable oils and fats | 0.004 | 0.024 | 0.274 | 0.891 | 0.004 | 0.118 | 0.124 | 0.463 |
| 22 mil | Dairy products | 0.000 | 0.001 | 0.008 | 0.018 | 0.000 | 0.003 | 0.030 | 0.006 |
| 23 prc | Processed rice | 0.000 | 0.002 | 0.011 | 0.055 | 0.000 | 0.007 | 0.011 | 0.077 |
| 24 sgr | Sugar | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.003 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 |
| 25 ofd | Food products nec | 0.001 | 0.015 | 0.258 | 0.123 | 0.002 | 0.209 | 0.162 | 0.083 |
| 26 b_t | Beverages and tobacco products | 0.000 | 0.003 | 0.041 | 0.047 | 0.000 | 0.005 | 0.023 | 0.019 |
| 27 tex | Textiles | 0.002 | 0.014 | 0.193 | 0.365 | 0.002 | 0.116 | 0.130 | 0.116 |
| 28 wap | Wearing apparel | 0.065 | 1.254 | 7.280 | 13.667 | 0.097 | 1.777 | 4.199 | 4.049 |
| 29 lea | Leather products | 0.000 | 0.005 | 0.057 | 0.061 | 0.000 | 0.003 | 0.027 | 0.017 |
| 30 lum | Wood products | 0.037 | 0.770 | 4.384 | 7.511 | 0.055 | 1.209 | 2.675 | 2.740 |
| 31 ppp | Paper products, publishing | 0.112 | 2.369 | 13.405 | 28.486 | 0.167 | 3.508 | 8.154 | 7.198 |
| 32 p_c | Petroleum, coal products | 0.901 | 18.244 | 106.966 | 179.244 | 1.311 | 28.334 | 64.569 | 61.764 |
| 33 crp | Chemical,rubber,plastic prods | 0.941 | 17.525 | 105.469 | 205.533 | 1.301 | 29.545 | 62.777 | 59.657 |
| 34 nmm | Mineral products nec | 0.005 | 0.107 | 0.722 | 1.107 | 0.009 | 0.299 | 0.415 | 0.320 |
| 35 i_s | Ferrous metals | 0.012 | 0.319 | 2.018 | 3.235 | 0.026 | 0.139 | 1.065 | 1.357 |
| 36 nfm | Metals nec | 0.006 | 0.061 | 0.131 | 0.280 | 0.001 | 0.413 | 0.241 | 0.174 |

...LA PORCION DE INSUMOS QUE SON IMPORTADOS EN EL PAIS...

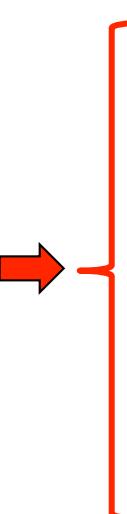
...ASI COMO ENTRAR LA COMPOSICIÓN DE LA FUERZA DE TRABAJO

EJEMPLO DE COMPOSICIÓN DE LA FUERZA DE TRABAJO (MÉXICO)

| | | Number | | | | | | Income | | |
|---------|--------------------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|--------|-----------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------|
| | | Unskilled | Skilled | Total | | | | Unskilled Employment | Skilled Employment | Total |
| 1 pdr | Paddy rice | 11,678 | 176 | 11,853 | 7,056,744 | 13.35% | 7,056,744 | 18,366 | 0.691 | 19,057 |
| 2 wht | Wheat | 53,043 | 799 | 53,841 | | | | 83,424 | 3.140 | 86,563 |
| 3 gro | Cereal grains nec | 827,501 | 12,458 | 839,959 | | | | 1,301,463 | 48.984 | 1,350,448 |
| 4 v_f | Vegetables, fruit, nuts | 2,969,438 | 44,705 | 3,014,144 | | | | 4,670,222 | 175.777 | 4,845,999 |
| 5 osd | Oil seeds | 12,636 | 190 | 12,826 | | | | 19,873 | 0.748 | 20,621 |
| 6 c_b | Sugar cane, sugar beet | 350,843 | 5,282 | 356,125 | | | | 551,794 | 20.768 | 572,562 |
| 7 pfb | Plant-based fibers | 142,863 | 2,151 | 145,014 | | | | 224,690 | 8.457 | 233,147 |
| 8 ocr | Crops nec | 974,226 | 14,667 | 988,893 | | | | 1,532,227 | 57.670 | 1,589,897 |
| 9 ctl | Cattle,sheep,goats,horses | 308,505 | 4,645 | 313,150 | | | | 485,206 | 18.262 | 503,468 |
| 10 oap | Animal products nec | 735,118 | 11,067 | 746,185 | | | | 1,156,165 | 43.516 | 1,199,681 |
| 11 rmk | Raw milk | 282,216 | 4,249 | 286,465 | | | | 443,859 | 16.706 | 460,564 |
| 12 wol | Wool, silk-worm cocoons | 203 | 3 | 206 | | | | 0.319 | 0.012 | 0.330 |
| 13 frs | Forestry | 204,825 | 3,084 | 207,909 | | | | 322,142 | 12.125 | 334,266 |
| 14 fish | Fishing | 78,145 | 2,028 | 80,174 | | | | 121,045 | 7.855 | 128,900 |
| 15 coa | Coal | 2,704 | 531 | 3,235 | 243,713 | 0.46% | 243,713 | 22,157 | 10.882 | 33,039 |
| 16 oil | Oil | 57,026 | 11,203 | 68,229 | | | | 467,254 | 229,486 | 696,740 |
| 17 gas | Gas | 12,499 | 2,455 | 14,954 | | | | 102,412 | 50.299 | 152,711 |
| 18 omn | Minerals nec | 131,467 | 25,827 | 157,295 | | | | 1,077,205 | 529,054 | 1,606,259 |
| 19 cmt | Meat: cattle,sheep,goats,horse | 60,702 | 3,695 | 64,397 | | | | 297,034 | 45.203 | 342,236 |
| 20 omt | Meat products nec | 57,187 | 3,481 | 60,668 | | | | 279,832 | 42.585 | 322,418 |
| 21 vol | Vegetable oils and fats | 22,463 | 1,367 | 23,830 | | | | 109,918 | 16.727 | 126,645 |
| 22 mil | Dairy products | 162,796 | 9,910 | 172,706 | | | | 796,609 | 121,229 | 917,838 |
| 23 pcr | Processed rice | 4,453 | 271 | 4,724 | | | | 21,792 | 3.316 | 25,108 |
| 24 sgr | Sugar | 46,632 | 2,839 | 49,470 | | | | 228,182 | 34.725 | 262,907 |
| 25 ofd | Food products nec | 831,843 | 50,636 | 882,479 | | | | 4,070,449 | 619,445 | 4,689,894 |
| 26 b_t | Beverages and tobacco products | 315,665 | 19,215 | 334,880 | | | | 1,544,640 | 235,065 | 1,779,705 |
| 27 tex | Textiles | 229,653 | 13,980 | 243,633 | | | | 1,123,762 | 171,015 | 1,294,777 |
| 28 wap | Wearing apparel | 280,893 | 17,099 | 297,992 | | | | 1,374,491 | 209,172 | 1,583,663 |
| 29 lea | Leather products | 116,835 | 7,112 | 123,947 | | | | 571,707 | 87.003 | 658,710 |
| 30 lum | Wood products | 190,477 | 11,595 | 202,072 | | | | 932,060 | 141,842 | 1,073,902 |
| 31 ppp | Paper products, publishing | 229,810 | 13,989 | 243,799 | 8,752,268 | 16.56% | 8,752,268 | 1,124,529 | 171,132 | 1,295,661 |
| 32 p_c | Petroleum, coal products | 216,452 | 13,176 | 229,628 | | | | 1,059,161 | 161,184 | 1,220,345 |
| 33 crp | Chemical,rubber,plastic prods | 1,000,408 | 60,897 | 1,061,305 | | | | 4,895,287 | 744,970 | 5,640,257 |
| 34 nmm | Mineral products nec | 368,095 | 22,407 | 390,502 | | | | 1,801,196 | 274,108 | 2,075,304 |
| 35 i_s | Ferrous metals | 279,665 | 17,024 | 296,689 | | | | 1,368,483 | 208,257 | 1,576,740 |
| 36 nfm | Metals nec | 124,304 | 7,567 | 131,871 | | | | 608,258 | 92.565 | 700,823 |
| 37 frm | Metal products | 317,597 | 19,333 | 336,930 | | | | 1,554,097 | 236,504 | 1,790,601 |
| 38 mvh | Motor vehicles and parts | 678,645 | 41,311 | 719,956 | | | | 3,320,808 | 505,364 | 3,826,172 |
| 39 otn | Transport equipment nec | 159,787 | 9,727 | 169,513 | | | | 781,883 | 118,988 | 900,871 |
| 40 ome | Machinery and equipment nec | 631,148 | 38,420 | 669,568 | | | | 3,088,392 | 469,995 | 3,558,387 |
| 41 ele | Electronic equipment | 1,705,382 | 103,811 | 1,809,192 | | | | 8,344,932 | 1,269,941 | 9,614,872 |
| 42 omf | Manufactures nec | 219,175 | 13,342 | 232,516 | | | | 1,072,486 | 163,212 | 1,235,698 |

EL SEGUNDO PASO ES CALCULAR EL MONTO DE INVERSIÓN EN TELECOMUNICACIONES A SER UTILIZADO EN CADA UNO DE LOS INSUMOS

DIVISIÓN DE LA INVERSIÓN POR SECTOR INDUSTRIAL



| Sector | Fijo | Móvil | Promedio |
|--------------------|------|-------|----------|
| Electrónicos | 12% | 45% | 28,5% |
| Construcción | 67% | 34% | 50,5% |
| Telecomunicaciones | 21% | 21% | 21,0% |

Fuente: Breakdown based on Deployment numbers for NGAN European carrier (wireline) and Wimax/3G US carrier (wireless), in Katz et al. (2010)

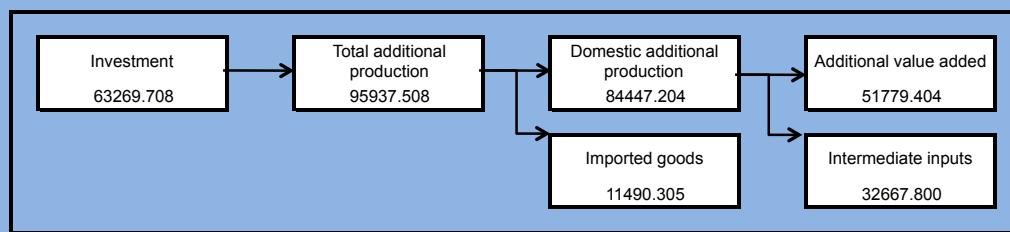
En el caso de Sudáfrica que se tomó como ejemplo la inversión adicional era del 72% en fijo y el 28% restante en móvil. Dada la importancia en el futuro del sector móvil en Colombia y México, se le dió un peso del 50% a sector fijo y móvil para tomar el promedio.

LA MATRIZ CALCULA ASI, UNA SERIE DE RESULTADOS (I): IMPACTO EN EL PRODUCTO BRUTO Y EMPLEO

EJEMPLO DE IMPACTO ANUAL Y TOTAL EN PRODUCTO Y EMPLEO (MEXICO)

Results Deployment Model Total

| Direct, indirect effects and multipliers total | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Value Added | Direct Effect | 34953.712 mUSD |
| | Indirect Effect | 12103.167 mUSD |
| | Induced Effect | 4722.525 mUSD |
| | Total Effect | 51779.404 mUSD |
| | Multiplier | 1.481 |
| Employment | Direct Effect | 2170.322 th employees |
| | Indirect Effect | 634.400 th employees |
| | Induced Effect | 354.790 th employees |
| | Total Effect | 3159.513 th employees |
| | Multiplier | 1.456 |
| Total Industry Output | Direct Effect | 63269.708 mUSD |
| | Indirect Effect | 26030.760 mUSD |
| | Induced Effect | 6637.040 mUSD |
| | Total Effect | 95937.508 mUSD |
| | Multiplier | 1.516 |



Results Deployment Model per year

| Direct, indirect effects and multipliers per year | | |
|---|-----------------|----------------------|
| Value Added | Direct Effect | 4993.387 mUSD p.a. |
| | Indirect Effect | 1729.024 mUSD p.a. |
| | Induced Effect | 674.646 mUSD p.a. |
| | Total Effect | 7397.058 mUSD p.a. |
| | Multiplier | 1.481 |
| Employment | Direct Effect | 310.046 th emp. p.a. |
| | Indirect Effect | 90.629 th emp. p.a. |
| | Induced Effect | 50.684 th emp. p.a. |
| | Total Effect | 451.359 th emp. p.a. |
| | Multiplier | 1.456 |
| Total Industry Output | Direct Effect | 9038.530 mUSD p.a. |
| | Indirect Effect | 3718.680 mUSD p.a. |
| | Induced Effect | 948.149 mUSD p.a. |
| | Total Effect | 13705.358 mUSD p.a. |
| | Multiplier | 1.516 |

LA MATRIZ CALCULA ASI, UNA SERIE DE RESULTADOS (I): IMPACTOS SECTORIALES

EJEMPLO DE IMPACTO SECTORIAL (MEXICO)

| Sector of Additional Employment | Total Effect | Direct Effect | Indirect Effect | Induced |
|---------------------------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------|---------|
| Paddy rice | 46 | 0 | 0 | 46 |
| Wheat | 45 | 0 | 0 | 45 |
| Cereal grains nec | 1,586 | 0 | 0 | 1,586 |
| Vegetables, fruit, nuts | 5,634 | 0 | 0 | 5,634 |
| Oil seeds | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Sugar cane, sugar beet | 615 | 0 | 0 | 615 |
| Plant-based fibers | 231 | 0 | 0 | 231 |
| Crops nec | 32,168 | 0 | 0 | 32,168 |
| Cattle,sheep,goats,horses | 193 | 0 | 0 | 193 |
| Animal products nec | 193 | 0 | 0 | 193 |
| Raw milk | 144 | 0 | 0 | 144 |
| Wool, silk-worm cocoons | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Forestry | 4,608 | 0 | 0 | 4,608 |
| Fishing | 69 | 0 | 0 | 69 |
| Coal | 422 | 0 | 0 | 422 |
| Oil | 621 | 0 | 0 | 621 |
| Gas | 218 | 0 | 0 | 218 |
| Minerals nec | 10,132 | 0 | 0 | 10,132 |
| Meat: cattle,sheep,goats,horse | 57 | 0 | 0 | 57 |
| Meat products nec | 23 | 0 | 0 | 23 |
| Vegetable oils and fats | 12 | 0 | 0 | 12 |
| Dairy products | 37 | 0 | 0 | 37 |
| Processed rice | 66 | 0 | 0 | 66 |
| Sugar | 22 | 0 | 0 | 22 |
| Food products nec | 421 | 0 | 0 | 421 |
| Beverages and tobacco products | 659 | 0 | 0 | 659 |
| Textiles | 499 | 0 | 0 | 499 |
| Wearing apparel | 1,454 | 0 | 0 | 1,454 |
| Leather products | 714 | 0 | 0 | 714 |
| Wood products | 6,300 | 0 | 6,300 | 0 |
| Paper products, publishing | 6,088 | 0 | 6,088 | 0 |
| Petroleum, coal products | 5,551 | 0 | 5,551 | 0 |
| Chemical,rubber,plastic prods | 20,160 | 0 | 20,160 | 0 |
| Mineral products nec | 62,081 | 0 | 62,081 | 0 |
| Ferrous metals | 34,268 | 0 | 34,268 | 0 |
| Metals nec | 10,647 | 0 | 10,647 | 0 |
| Metal products | 19,215 | 0 | 19,215 | 0 |
| Motor vehicles and parts | 893 | 0 | 893 | 0 |
| Transport equipment nec | 774 | 0 | 774 | 0 |
| Machinery and equipment nec | 3,309 | 0 | 3,309 | 0 |
| Electronic equipment | 381,334 | 375,559 | 5,774 | 0 |
| Manufactures nec | 2,780 | 0 | 2,780 | 0 |
| Electricity | 5,154 | 0 | 5,154 | 0 |
| Gas manufacture, distribution | 2,209 | 0 | 2,209 | 0 |
| Water | 327 | 0 | 327 | 0 |

CONTENIDOS

- Matrices de Insumo/Producto: una herramienta para estimar el impacto económico de las telecomunicaciones
- Metodología para el desarrollo de matrices de Insumo/Producto
- Ejemplos de análisis: Colombia y México

PREGUNTA DE NUESTRA INVESTIGACIÓN: ¿CUÁL SERIA EL IMPACTO SI MÉXICO Y COLOMBIA ALCANZAN EL NIVEL DE INVERSIÓN DE TELECOMUNICACIONES PROMEDIO DE LOS PAÍSES DE LA OCDE?

- Se estima que la inversión per cápita promedio en telecomunicaciones para los países pertenecientes a la OECD al 2015 es de US\$ 145,24 per cápita
- La inversión per cápita en telecomunicaciones en Colombia es de US\$ 53,47 y para México de US\$ 32,67
- Se propone que ambos países alcancen de manera progresiva un nivel de inversión per cápita igual que el de los países miembros de la OECD en 5 años, lo que resulta en objetivos intermedios entre el 2019 y el 2022, y del 2023 al 2025

| Indicador (todos en US\$ per cápita) | Colombia | México |
|--------------------------------------|----------|--------|
| Inversión per cápita actual | 53.47 | 32.67 |
| Inversión per cápita 2019 | 65.30 | 44.03 |
| Inversión per cápita 2020 | 79.74 | 59.34 |
| Inversión per cápita 2021 | 97.39 | 79.97 |
| Inversión per cápita 2022 | 118.93 | 107.77 |
| Inversión per cápita 2023 | 145.24 | 145.24 |
| Inversión per cápita 2024 | 145.24 | 145.24 |
| Inversión per cápita 2025 | 145.24 | 145.24 |

Fuente: Elaboración de autores en base a datos de ITU World telecommunication/ICT Indicators (WTI) database 2017

EN CASO DE CUMPLIR ESOS OBJETIVOS, CADA PAÍS OBTENDRÁ UNA INVERSIÓN ADICIONAL EN EL SECTOR DE TELECOMUNICACIONES PARA CADA AÑO ENTRE EL 2019 Y EL 2025

ESTIMACIÓN DE INVERSIÓN ADICIONAL 2019-2025 (EN US\$)

| Año | Colombia | | | México | | |
|-------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| | Inversión per cápita esperada | Inversión per cápita adicional | Inversión adicional (millones de US\$) | Inversión per cápita esperada | Inversión per cápita adicional | Inversión adicional (millones de US\$) |
| 2019 | 65.30 | 11.83 | 570 | 44.03 | 11.36 | 1,443 |
| 2020 | 79.74 | 26.27 | 1,267 | 59.34 | 26.67 | 3,387 |
| 2021 | 97.39 | 43.92 | 2,118 | 79.97 | 47.30 | 6,008 |
| 2022 | 118.93 | 65.46 | 3,157 | 107.77 | 75.10 | 9,539 |
| 2023 | 145.24 | 91.77 | 4,426 | 145.24 | 112.57 | 14,298 |
| 2024 | 145.24 | 91.77 | 4,426 | 145.24 | 112.57 | 14,298 |
| 2025 | 145.24 | 91.77 | 4,426 | 145.24 | 112.57 | 14,298 |
| TOTAL | - | - | 20,390 | - | - | 63,270 |

Fuente: Elaboración de autores

LA INVERSIÓN ADICIONAL ES ASIGNADA DE ACUERDO A LA DESAGREGACIÓN POR INSUMOS

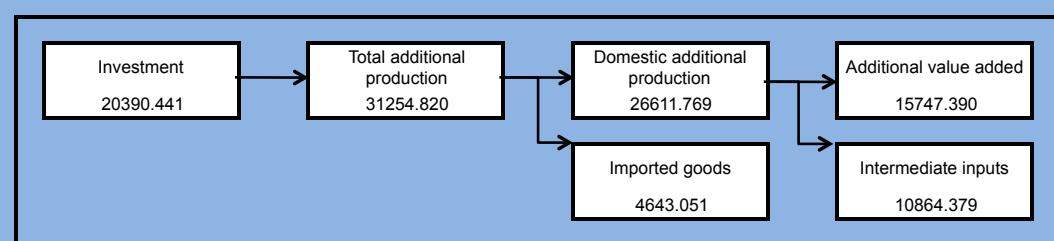
INVERSIÓN ADICIONAL EN COLOMBIA Y MÉXICO PARA EL PERÍODO 2019-2025

| Sector | Colombia | México | Porcentaje del total |
|--------------------|----------|--------|----------------------|
| Electrónicos | 5,811 | 18,032 | 28,5% |
| Construcción | 10,297 | 31,951 | 50,5% |
| Telecomunicaciones | 4,282 | 13,287 | 21,0% |
| Total | 20,390 | 63,270 | 100,0% |

RESULTADOS: MÉXICO (I)

Results Deployment Model Total

| Direct, indirect effects and multipliers total | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Value Added | Direct Effect | 9896.282 mUSD |
| | Indirect Effect | 4286.736 mUSD |
| | Induced Effect | 1564.372 mUSD |
| | Total Effect | 15747.390 mUSD |
| | Multiplier | 1.591 |
| Employment | Direct Effect | 1127.430 th employees |
| | Indirect Effect | 495.648 th employees |
| | Induced Effect | 201.971 th employees |
| | Total Effect | 1825.049 th employees |
| | Multiplier | 1.619 |
| Total Industry Output | Direct Effect | 20390.441 mUSD |
| | Indirect Effect | 8443.198 mUSD |
| | Induced Effect | 2421.181 mUSD |
| | Total Effect | 31254.820 mUSD |
| | Multiplier | 1.533 |



Results Deployment Model per year

| Direct, indirect effects and multipliers per year | | |
|---|-----------------|----------------------|
| Value Added | Direct Effect | 1413.755 mUSD p.a. |
| | Indirect Effect | 612.391 mUSD p.a. |
| | Induced Effect | 223.482 mUSD p.a. |
| | Total Effect | 2249.627 mUSD p.a. |
| | Multiplier | 1.591 |
| Employment | Direct Effect | 161.061 th emp. p.a. |
| | Indirect Effect | 70.807 th emp. p.a. |
| | Induced Effect | 28.853 th emp. p.a. |
| | Total Effect | 260.721 th emp. p.a. |
| | Multiplier | 1.619 |
| Total Industry Output | Direct Effect | 2912.920 mUSD p.a. |
| | Indirect Effect | 1206.171 mUSD p.a. |
| | Induced Effect | 345.883 mUSD p.a. |
| | Total Effect | 4464.974 mUSD p.a. |
| | Multiplier | 1.533 |

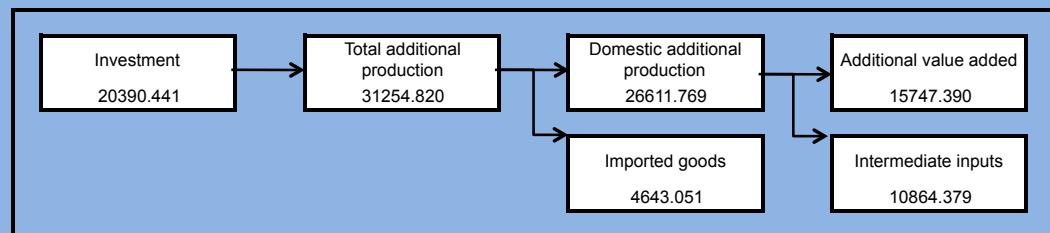
RESULTADOS: MÉXICO IMPACTO EN EMPLEO (II)

| Sector of Additional Employment | Total Effect | Direct Effect | Indirect Effect | Induced |
|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Paddy rice | 626 | 0 | 0 | 626 |
| Wheat | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Cereal grains nec | 46 | 0 | 0 | 46 |
| Vegetables, fruit, nuts | 4,452 | 0 | 0 | 4,452 |
| Oil seeds | 388 | 0 | 0 | 388 |
| Sugar cane, sugar beet | 1,297 | 0 | 0 | 1,297 |
| Plant-based fibers | 76 | 0 | 0 | 76 |
| Crops nec | 918 | 0 | 0 | 918 |
| Cattle,sheep,goats,horses | 2,497 | 0 | 0 | 2,497 |
| Animal products nec | 2,653 | 0 | 0 | 2,653 |
| Raw milk | 1,288 | 0 | 0 | 1,288 |
| Wool, silk-worm cocoons | 82 | 0 | 0 | 82 |
| Forestry | 11,935 | 0 | 0 | 11,935 |
| Fishing | 298 | 0 | 0 | 298 |
| Coal | 314 | 0 | 0 | 314 |
| Oil | 1,758 | 0 | 0 | 1,758 |
| Gas | 253 | 0 | 0 | 253 |
| Minerals nec | 9,413 | 0 | 0 | 9,413 |
| Meat: cattle,sheep,goats,horse | 108 | 0 | 0 | 108 |
| Meat products nec | 317 | 0 | 0 | 317 |
| Vegetable oils and fats | 176 | 0 | 0 | 176 |
| Dairy products | 248 | 0 | 0 | 248 |
| Processed rice | 148 | 0 | 0 | 148 |
| Sugar | 424 | 0 | 0 | 424 |
| Food products nec | 1,044 | 0 | 0 | 1,044 |
| Beverages and tobacco products | 725 | 0 | 0 | 725 |
| Textiles | 1,175 | 0 | 0 | 1,175 |
| Wearing apparel | 1,351 | 0 | 0 | 1,351 |
| Leather products | 425 | 0 | 0 | 425 |
| Wood products | 9,133 | 0 | 9,133 | 0 |
| Paper products, publishing | 9,572 | 0 | 9,572 | 0 |
| Petroleum, coal products | 717 | 0 | 717 | 0 |
| Chemical,rubber,plastic prods | 13,345 | 0 | 13,345 | 0 |
| Mineral products nec | 54,058 | 0 | 54,058 | 0 |
| Ferrous metals | 11,849 | 0 | 11,849 | 0 |
| Metals nec | 1,762 | 0 | 1,762 | 0 |
| Metal products | 10,887 | 0 | 10,887 | 0 |
| Motor vehicles and parts | 89 | 0 | 89 | 0 |
| Transport equipment nec | 43 | 0 | 43 | 0 |
| Machinery and equipment nec | 13 | 0 | 13 | 0 |
| Electronic equipment | 135,519 | 130,593 | 4,927 | 0 |
| Manufactures nec | 7,465 | 0 | 7,465 | 0 |
| Electricity | 4,222 | 0 | 4,222 | 0 |
| Gas manufacture, distribution | 1,057 | 0 | 1,057 | 0 |
| Water | 652 | 0 | 652 | 0 |
| Construction | 643,472 | 640,648 | 2,824 | 0 |
| Trade | 186,990 | 0 | 93,495 | 93,495 |
| Transport nec | 52,049 | 0 | 0 | 52,049 |
| Sea transport | 108 | 0 | 108 | 0 |
| Air transport | 1,643 | 0 | 1,643 | 0 |
| Communication | 361,664 | 356,189 | 5,475 | 0 |
| Financial services nec | 40,773 | 0 | 40,773 | 0 |
| Insurance | 17,243 | 0 | 17,243 | 0 |
| Business services nec | 200,711 | 0 | 200,711 | 0 |
| Recreation and other services | 11,993 | 0 | 0 | 11,993 |
| Pub/Admin/Defence/Health/Educat | 3,585 | 0 | 3,585 | 0 |
| Dwellings | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 1,825,049 | 1,127,430 | 495,648 | 201,971 |

RESULTADOS: COLOMBIA (I)

Results Deployment Model Total

| Direct, indirect effects and multipliers total | | |
|--|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Value Added | Direct Effect | 9896.282 mUSD |
| | Indirect Effect | 4286.736 mUSD |
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Results Deployment Model per year

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RESULTADOS: COLOMBIA IMPACTO EN EMPLEO (II)

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| Wheat | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Cereal grains nec | 46 | 0 | 0 | 46 |
| Vegetables, fruit, nuts | 4,452 | 0 | 0 | 4,452 |
| Oil seeds | 388 | 0 | 0 | 388 |
| Sugar cane, sugar beet | 1,297 | 0 | 0 | 1,297 |
| Plant-based fibers | 76 | 0 | 0 | 76 |
| Crops nec | 918 | 0 | 0 | 918 |
| Cattle,sheep,goats,horses | 2,497 | 0 | 0 | 2,497 |
| Animal products nec | 2,653 | 0 | 0 | 2,653 |
| Raw milk | 1,288 | 0 | 0 | 1,288 |
| Wool, silk-worm cocoons | 82 | 0 | 0 | 82 |
| Forestry | 11,935 | 0 | 0 | 11,935 |
| Fishing | 298 | 0 | 0 | 298 |
| Coal | 314 | 0 | 0 | 314 |
| Oil | 1,758 | 0 | 0 | 1,758 |
| Gas | 253 | 0 | 0 | 253 |
| Minerals nec | 9,413 | 0 | 0 | 9,413 |
| Meat: cattle,sheep,goats,horse | 108 | 0 | 0 | 108 |
| Meat products nec | 317 | 0 | 0 | 317 |
| Vegetable oils and fats | 176 | 0 | 0 | 176 |
| Dairy products | 248 | 0 | 0 | 248 |
| Processed rice | 148 | 0 | 0 | 148 |
| Sugar | 424 | 0 | 0 | 424 |
| Food products nec | 1,044 | 0 | 0 | 1,044 |
| Beverages and tobacco products | 725 | 0 | 0 | 725 |
| Textiles | 1,175 | 0 | 0 | 1,175 |
| Wearing apparel | 1,351 | 0 | 0 | 1,351 |
| Leather products | 425 | 0 | 0 | 425 |
| Wood products | 9,133 | 0 | 9,133 | 0 |
| Paper products, publishing | 9,572 | 0 | 9,572 | 0 |
| Petroleum, coal products | 717 | 0 | 717 | 0 |
| Chemical,rubber,plastic prods | 13,345 | 0 | 13,345 | 0 |
| Mineral products nec | 54,058 | 0 | 54,058 | 0 |
| Ferrous metals | 11,849 | 0 | 11,849 | 0 |
| Metals nec | 1,762 | 0 | 1,762 | 0 |
| Metal products | 10,887 | 0 | 10,887 | 0 |
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| Transport equipment nec | 43 | 0 | 43 | 0 |
| Machinery and equipment nec | 13 | 0 | 13 | 0 |
| Electronic equipment | 135,519 | 130,593 | 4,927 | 0 |
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| Water | 652 | 0 | 652 | 0 |
| Construction | 643,472 | 640,648 | 2,824 | 0 |
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| Financial services nec | 40,773 | 0 | 40,773 | 0 |
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| Recreation and other services | 11,993 | 0 | 0 | 11,993 |
| Pub/Admin/Defence/Health/Educat | 3,585 | 0 | 3,585 | 0 |
| Dwellings | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 1,825,049 | 1,127,430 | 495,648 | 201,971 |

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