THE ECONOMIC CONTRIBUTION OF BROADBAND AND DIGITIZATION

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THE PURPOSE OF THIS STUDY IS TO ADVANCE THE ECONOMETRIC ANALYSIS OF THE IMPACT OF BROADBAND AND DIGITIZATION IN LATIN AMERICA GDP

- The methodologies used are based on a prior published study focused on the global impact of broadband and digitization on GDP
- Fixed broadband increases with economic development:
 - Higher income countries: 10 per cent increase in broadband penetration yields 1.4 per cent increase in GDP growth.
 - Middle income countries: 10 per cent increase in broadband penetration yields 0.5 per cent increase in GDP growth.
 - Low income countries: while the coefficient of fixed broadband impact was similar to the middle impact countries, it was not statistically significant
- The economic impact of mobile broadband is higher in countries with lower levels of development:
 - High income countries: no economic impact was detected
 - Middle income countries: An increase of 10 per cent in mobile broadband penetration yields an increase in 1.8 per cent in GDP
 - Low income countries: An increase of 10 per cent in mobile broadband penetration yields an increase in 2.0 per cent in GDP
- The economic impact of digitization increases with development:
 - OECD countries: An increase of 10 per cent in the Digital Ecosystem
 Development Index resulted in a 1.4 per cent growth in GDP per capita
 - Non-OECD countries: An increase of 10 per cent in the Digital Ecosystem
 Development Index yielded a 1.0 per cent growth in GDP per capita

ACCORDING TO GLOBAL RESULTS, DIFFERENT EFFECTS HAVE BEEN HYPOTHESIZED FOR NORTH AMERICA, AND LATIN AMERICA – THEY HAVE BEEN TESTED THROUGH ECONOMETRIC MODELS

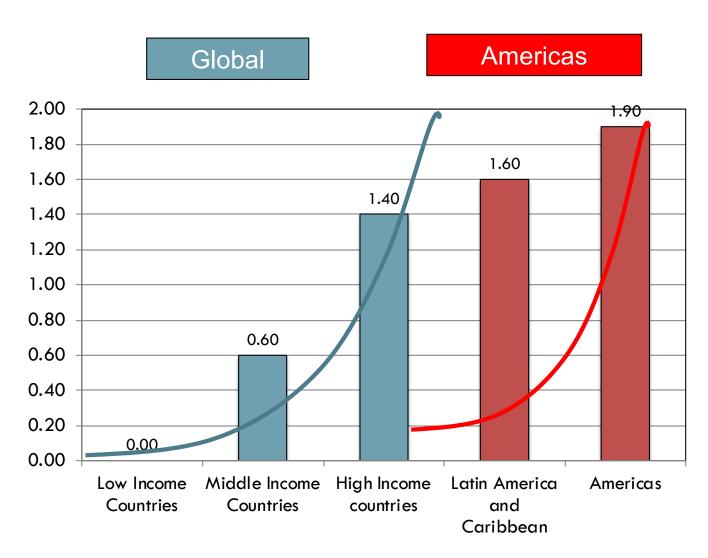
- Impact of fixed broadband: High in North America, medium in Latin America and the Caribbean.
- Impact of mobile broadband: Medium in North America, high in Latin America and the Caribbean.
- Impact of digitization: High in North America, medium in Latin America and the Caribbean
- To test the hypotheses of broadband economic impact, a database was built for the following countries: Argentina, Brazil, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Jamaica, Mexico, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Trinidad and Tobago, United States of America, Uruguay, and Venezuela.
- The database contains time series for all the required variables between 2010 and 2017.
- The data sources are the International Telecommunications Union (ITU), the World Bank, and GSMA
- A structural model (3SLS) tested the economic contribution of mobile and fixed broadband using four equations: an aggregate production function modelling the economy and, subsequently, three functions: demand, supply and output.
- For digitization, the hypothesis is tested using an endogenous growth model, which links GDP to fixed stock of capital, labour force, and the digitization index as a proxy of technology progress.

THE ECONOMIC IMPACT OF FIXED BROADBAND IS HIGHER IN THE AMERICAS SAMPLE THAN IN LATIN AMERICA

GDP PER CAPITA (PPP)	AMERICAS	LATAM
GDP per capita (PPP)		
Fixed Broadband Subscribers Penetration	0.18797 ***	0.15745 ***
Capital	0.30414 ***	0.31854 ***
Education	0.00063	0.03039
Fixed Broadband Subscribers Penetration		
Fixed Telephone Subscribers	0.16412 ***	0.09390
Rural Population	-0.05796 **	-0.04654 *
GDP per capita	0.81847 ***	0.89943 ***
Fixed Broadband price	-0.30709 ***	-0.43283 ***
HHI Fixed Broadband	-0.04456	-0.06636 *
Revenue Fixed Broadband		
GDP per capita	1.41969 ***	1.07432 ***
Fixed Broadband price	1.52376 ***	1.67497 ***
HHI Fixed Broadband	-1.21225 ***	-1.02064 ***
Fixed Broadband Adoption Growth		
Revenue Mobile Broadband	-0.40717 ***	-0.01968
Observations	784	688
Number of countries	18	16
Country Fixed Effects	Yes	Yes
Year and quarter Fixed Effects	Yes	Yes
Years	2005-2017	2005-2017
R-Squared first model	0.9905	0.9819

- According to the fixed broadband model, this technology has had a significant impact on the Americas during the last twelve years (2005-2017).
- In The Americas
 region, an increase of
 10 per cent in fixed
 broadband penetration
 yields an increase in
 1.9 per cent in GDP
- In The Latin American region, an increase of 10 per cent in fixed broadband penetration yields an increase in 1.6 per cent in GDP

ECONOMIC IMPACT OF FIXED BROADBAND, 2017 (GLOBAL MODEL COMPARED TO THE AMERICAS REGION MODEL)

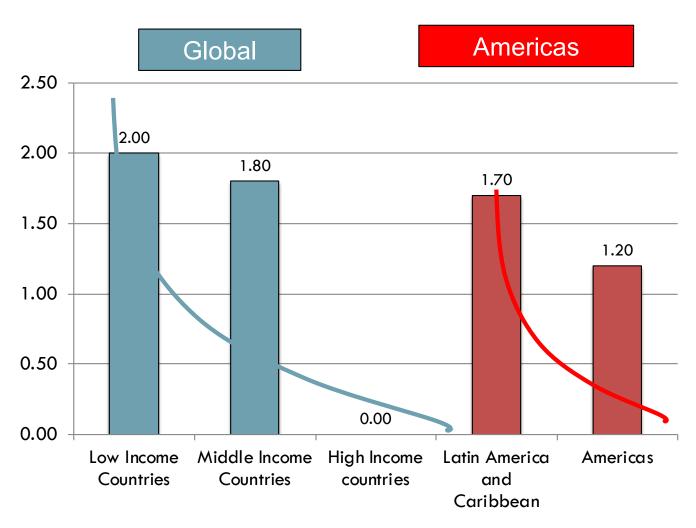


THE ECONOMIC IMPACT OF MOBILE BROADBAND IS HIGHER FOR LATINA AMERICA THAN IN THE WHOLE AMERICAS SAMPLE

GDP PER CAPITA (PPP)	AMERICAS	LATAM
GDP per capita (PPP)		
Mobile Broadband Unique Subscribers Penetration	0.11556 ***	0.17329 ***
Capital	0.02984	0.03075
Education	0.62879 ***	0.63360 ***
Mobile Broadband Unique Subscribers Penetration		
Mobile Unique Subscribers Penetration	1.81434 ***	1.94950 ***
Rural Population	-0.11386 ***	-0.07061 ***
GDP per capita	-0.12194 *	-0.23404 ***
Mobile Broadband price	-0.09555 *	-0.58092 ***
HHI Mobile Broadband	-1.02608 ***	-0.85911 ***
Revenue Mobile Broadband		
GDP per capita	2.32425 ***	1.46456 ***
Mobile Broadband price	-0.79913 ***	-3.89924 ***
HHI Mobile Broadband	-3.55965 ***	-2.47734 ***
Mobile Broadband Adoption Growth		
Revenue Fixed Broadband	-0.36353 ***	-0.17906 **
Observations	565	501
Number of countries	18	16
Country Fixed Effects	Yes	Yes
Year and quarter Fixed Effects	Yes	Yes
Years	2010-2017	2010-2017
R-Squared first model	0.9767	0.9412

- According to the mobile broadband model, this technology has had a significant impact on the Americas during the last seven years (2010-2017).
- In The Americas region, an increase of 10 per cent in mobile broadband penetration yields an increase in 1.2 per cent in GDP
- In The Latin
 American region, an increase of 10 per cent in mobile broadband penetration yields an increase in 1.7 per cent in GDP

ECONOMIC IMPACT OF MOBILE BROADBAND, 2017 (GLOBAL MODEL COMPARED TO THE AMERICAS REGION MODEL)

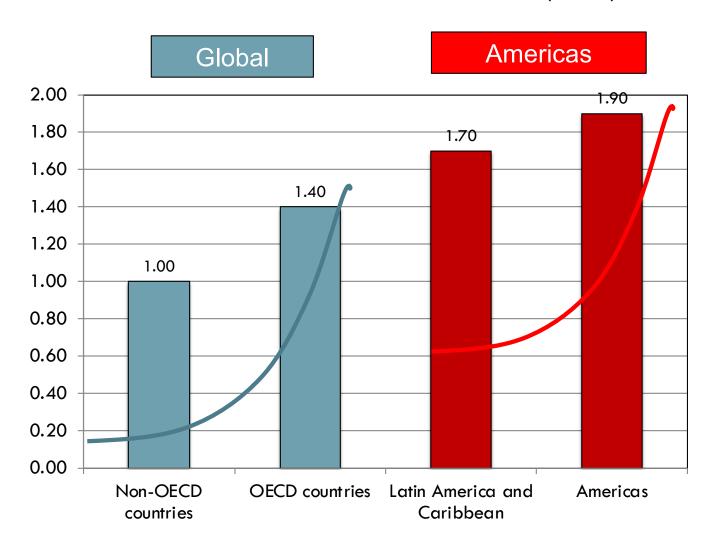


THE ECONOMIC IMPACT OF DIGITIZATION IS HIGHER IN THE AMERICAS THAN IN LATIN AMERICA, THEREBY CONFIRMING A RETURN TO SCALE

Variables (Impact on GDP)	AMERICAS	LATAM
Previous GDP	0.6721 *** (0.0586)	0.6746 ***
Digitization	0.1882 ** (0.0910)	0.1662 * (0.0995)
Capital	-0.0261 (0.0990)	-0.033 <i>7</i> (0.105 <i>7</i>)
Labour	-1.3788 ** (0.5305)	-1.2501 ** (0.5809)
Constant	2.1224 *** (0.6702)	2.1421 *** (0.7393)
Observations	126	106
Year fixed effects	Yes	Yes

- According to the model, in the Americas an increase of 10 per cent in the Digital Ecosystem Development Index results in a 1.9 per cent growth in GDP per capita.
- In LATAM an increase of 10 per cent in the Digital Ecosystem Development Index results in a 1.7 per cent growth in GDP per capita.

ECONOMIC IMPACT OF DIGITIZATION: GLOBAL COMPARED TO THE AMERICAS REGION (2017)



THE EVIDENCE YIELDED BY THE ECONOMETRIC ANALYSIS CONFIRMS THE HYPOTHESES

	10% increase: Impact on GDP per capita growth	
Hypothesis	Americas region (includes United States of America and Canada)	Latin America and the Caribbean
Economic impact of fixed broadband will be higher in the Americas region (which includes the United States of America and Canada) than in Latin America and the Caribbean (returns to scale effect).	1.9	1.6
Economic impact of mobile broadband will be higher in Latin America and the Caribbean than in the Americas region (which incl. the United States of America and Canada) (Saturation effect).	1.2	1. <i>7</i>
Economic impact of digital ecosystem will be higher in the Americas region (which includes the United States of America and Canada) than in Latin America and the Caribbean (returns to scale effect)	1.9	1. <i>7</i>

The Americas

The economic contribution of broadband, digitization and ICT regulation

Econometric modelling for the Americas





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